Features

- At Early Years, the key knowledge progression document takes reference from the following documentation: Early Years Framework, Development Matters and Birth to 5 Matters
- At key stage 1, the key knowledge progression document takes full account of the national curriculum's requirements and groups these into the following strands:
 - Algorithms
 - o Creating Programs
 - Reasoning
 - Using Technology
 - Uses of IT beyond school
 - Safe Use
- The strands have been selected to reflect the key knowledge and skills in the national curriculum subject content.
- At key stage 2, the key knowledge progression document takes full account of the national curriculum's requirements and groups these into the following strands:
 - Algorithms
 - Creating Programs
 - Developing Programs
 - Reasoning
 - Networks
 - Search Engines
 - Using Programs
 - Safe Use
- The strands have been selected to reflect the key knowledge and skills in the national curriculum subject content.
- Skills are dependent on specific knowledge. A skill is the capacity to perform and in order to perform a deep body of knowledge needs to be acquired and retained.
- These knowledge statements should be what pupils retain for ever. In other words, this knowledge is within their long-term memory and will be retained.
- When considering pupils' improvement in subject specific vocabulary, pupils could be provided with a knowledge organiser which contains the relevant words used for computing for their age group.

			Natio	onal Curriculum Subje	ct Content							
				Educational	Programme							
Early Years	world around them – from	visiting parks, li <mark>braries and</mark> foster their un <mark>derstanding</mark>	d museums to meeting imp of our culturally, socially,	heir physical world and their community. The frequency a <mark>nd range</mark> of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the et <mark>ing important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that oss domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.</mark>								
Strand	Algorithms	Reas	oning C	Creating Programs Using T		y Uses of IT Be	yond School	Safe Use				
Key Stage 1	Pupils should be taught to understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions Pupils should be taught to use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs **Pupils should be taught to use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs **Included Should be taught to use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs **Included Should be taught to use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs **Included Should be taught to use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs **Included Should be taught to use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs **Included Should Betaught to use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs **Included Should Betaught to use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs **Included Should Betaught to use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs **Included Should Betaught to use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs **Included Should Betaught to use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs **Included Should Betaught to use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs **Included Should Betaught to use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs **Included Should Betaught to use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs **Included Should Betaught to use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs **Included Should Betaught to use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs **Included Should Betaught to use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs **Included Should Betaught to use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs **Included Should Betaught to use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple program		ng to predict the cred	oils should be taught to ate and debug simple grams	Pupils should be taught technology purposefull create, organise, store, manipulate and retriev content	y to reco <mark>gnise</mark> com informa <mark>tion</mark> te	-	Pupils should be taught to use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies				
Strand	Reasoning	Algorithms	Creating Programs	Developing	Using Programs	Networks	Search Engine	s Safe Use				
Key Stage 2	Pupils should be taught to use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs	Pupils should be taught to use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs	Pupils should be taught to design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts	Pupils should be taught to use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output	Pupils should be taught to select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information	Pupils should be taught to -understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration	Pupils should be taught to use seal technologies effectively, apprechow results are selected and rank and be discerning evaluating digital content	technology safely, ciate respectfully and responsibly; recognise ed, acceptable / in unacceptable				



Strand	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Strand	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7
Algorithms			C1.1 know that an algorithm is a set of instructions used to solve a problem or achieve an objective C1.2 know that an algorithm written for a computer is called a program	C2.1 know that an algorithm is used on digital devices and is a simple set of steps designed to complete a task	Algorithms	C3.1 know how to make logical, achievable steps and absorbing new knowledge of coding structures	C4.1 know how to trace code and use step-through methods to identify errors in code and make logical attempts to correct this	C5.1 know about code structure, how to debug and interpret code (e.g. the use of tabs to organise code and the naming of variables)	C6.1 know how to design algorithms that use selection and repetition C6.2 know how to interpret a program in parts and make logical attempts to put the separate parts of a complex algorithm together to explain the program as a whole	C7.1 know several key algorithms that reflect computational thinking [for example, algorithms for sorting and searching]; use logical reasoning to compare the utility of alternative algorithms for the same problem
Creating Programs	CN.1 know how to complete a simple program on an electronic device, (e.g. iPad, beebot)	CR.1 know how to complete a simple program on a computer	C1.3 know how to create a simple program and test it	C2.2 know how to create and debug a simple program that achieves a specific purpose	Creating Programs	C3.2 know how to write programs that accomplish specific goals	C4.2 know how to create a program which accomplishes a specific goal in a simulated environment (e.g. give an 'on-screen' robot specific instructions that takes them from A to B)	C5.2 know how to turn complex real-life situations into algorithms for a program by deconstructing it into manageable parts C5.3 know how to write a program to control an external device C5.4 know how to change inputs to achieve different outputs	C6.3 know how to write a program that combines more than one variable and various forms of inputs and outputs	C7.2 know how to write a program that combines all three programming constructs (sequence, selection, iteration) to solve a problem

Strand	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Strand	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7
				C2.3 know that programs require precise and unambiguous instructions	Developing Programs	C3.3 know how to design and debug a sequence of instructions, including directional instructions	C4.3 know how to experiment with variables to control models	C5.5 know how to develop a program that has specific variables identified C5.6 know how to test and debug a program as they go	C6.4 know how to develop a sequenced program that has repetition and variables identified	C7.3 know how to solve a variety of computational problems; make appropriate use of data structures [for example, lists, tables or arrays]; design and develop modular programs that use procedures or functions
						C3.4 know how to detect errors within programs	C4.4 know how to detect and correct errors in programs	C5.7 know how to use logical methods to detect and correct errors	C6.5 know how to solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts	
					Using Programs	C3.5 know how to use a range of software for similar purposes	C4.5 know how to select and use software to accomplish given goals C4.6 know how to create linked content using a range of software	C5.8 know how to combine a variety of software on a range of digital devices to design and create content to accomplish given goals	C6.6 know how to select and use a variety of software, on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs and systems	C7.4 use two or more programming languages, at least one of which is textual
						C3.6 know how to collect and present information	C4.7 know how to make informed software choices when presenting	C5.9 know how to analyse, evaluate and present data and information	C6.7 know how to consider the audience when designing and creating digital content	

Strand	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Strand	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7
				5			information and data	when creating content C5.10 know how to use several ways of sharing digital content		
Reasoning		CR.2 know that information can be retrieved from technological devices and the internet	C1.4 know how to interpret what will happen at different stages of a program.	C2.4 know how to predict what the outcome of a simple program will be (logical reasoning) C2.5 know how to identify the parts of a program that respond to specific actions. For example, writing a cause and effect sentence of what will happen in a program.	Reasoning	C3.7 know how to use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work C3.8 know how to discern when it is best to use technology and where it adds time or no value	C4.8 know how to make an accurate prediction and explain why they believe something will happen (linked to programming)	C5.11 know how to analyse and evaluate information reaching a conclusion that helps with future developments		
Using Technology	CN.2 know how to acquire basic skills in turning on and operating some ICT equipment	CR.3 know how to access, understand and interact with a range of technologies, developing digital literacy skills	C1.5 know how to create, edit and store purposeful, simple digital content (e.g. children can name, save and retrieve	C2.6 know how to organise, retrieve and manipulate digital content purposefully C2.7 know how to create, name, save		choc				

Strand	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Strand	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7
			their work and	and retrieve		Site.				
			follow simple	content			Contract of the Contract of th			
			instructions to	including			120			
		, de	access online	photos, text						
			resources)	and sound						
		1					Service Contract of the Contra			
								No.		
	CN.3 know how	CR.4 know how	• C1.6 know					W.		
	to operate	to create	how to use a					96.		
	simple	content such	website and a							
	equipment, (e.g.	as a video	camera							
	turn on CD	recording,	 C1.7 know 							
	player, use a	stories, and/or	how to record					11/12		
	remote control,	draw a picture	sound and					100		
	navigate touch-	on screen	play back					113		
	capable	100	, ,	100						
	technology with	Y.								
	support)									
		3		1000						



Strand	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Strand	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7
				C2.8 know how to effectively retrieve relevant, purposeful digital content using a search engine.	Search engines	C3.9 know how to navigate the web to complete simple searches C3.10 know how to use search technology effectively	C4.9 know how to search for specific information and know which information is useful and which is not C4.10 know how to appraise selected webpages for credibility and information at a basic level	C5.12 know how to identify credible webpages C5.13 know how search results are selected and ranked	C6.8 know that some search engines may provide misleading information C6.9 know how to explain in detail how credible a webpage is and the information it contains C6.10 know how to use filters when searching for digital content C6.11 know how to compare a range of digital content sources and rate them in terms of content quality and accuracy	C7.5 know how to search technologies effectively C7. 6 know the impact of search technologies and the issues that arise by the way they function and the way they are used C7. 7 know how to use hyperlinks to allow users to navigate between multiple web pages
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Strand	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Strand	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7
					Networks	C3.11 know what computer networks do and how they provide multiple services	C4.11 know that computer networks can provide opportunities for communication and collaboration	C5.14 know the value of computer networks but are also aware of the main dangers	C6.12 know the difference between the internet and the World Wide Web	C7.8 know the differences between the 4 network topologies (Bus, ring, star, mesh) C7.9 know what effects network performance C7.10 know the purpose of different network hardware (Switch, WAP, Router, NIC)
Uses of IT Beyond School			C1.8 know some of the IT uses in their own home C1.9 know how to make a distinction between objects that use modern			Hill	Sid	2		
Safe Use	CN.4 know that an adult must be present when using the internet	CR.5 know how to use the internet, with adult supervision, to find and retrieve information of interest to them	C1.10 know how to use technology safely and respectfully C1.11 know how to keep personal information (such as passwords) private C1.12 know how to save work to	C2.10 know the implications of inappropriate online searches	Safe Use	C3.12 know how to use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly C3.13 know the negative implications of failure to keep passwords safe and secure	C4.12 know how to recognise acceptable and unacceptable behaviour using technology	C5.15 know how to make choices when using technology and that not everything is true and/or safe	C6.13 know how to recognise the value in preserving privacy when online for their own and other people's safety	C7.11 know a range of ways to use technology safely, respectfully, responsibly and securely, including protecting their online identity and privacy; recognise inappropriate

Strand Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Strand	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7
		designated private space	C2.11 know where to go for help if concerned		C3.14 know different ways they can get help if concerned	C4.13 know a range of ways of reporting inappropriate content and contact		C6.14 know the potential dangers in using aspects of IT and know when to alert someone if feeling uncomfortable	content, contact and conduct, and know how to report concerns

